



Cell 1 Regional Coastal Monitoring Programme Update Report 10: 'Partial Measures' Survey 2018



South Tyneside Council June 2018

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Abbreviations and Acronyms

Acronym / Abbreviation	Definition
AONB	Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty
DGM	Digital Ground Model
HAT	Highest Astronomical Tide
LAT	Lowest Astronomical Tide
MHWN	Mean High Water Neap
MHWS	Mean High Water Spring
MLWS	Mean Low Water Neap
MLWS	Mean Low Water Spring
m	Metres
ODN	Ordnance Datum Newlyn

Water Levels Used in Interpretation of Changes

Water Level	Water Level (m AOD)		
Parameter	River Tyne to Frenchman's Bay	Frenchman's Bay to Souter Point	
HAT	2.85	2.88	
MHWS	2.15	2.18	
MLWS	-2.15	-2.12	

Source: River Tyne to Flamborough Head Shoreline Management Plan 2. Royal Haskoning, February 2007.

Glossary of Terms

Term	Definition
Beach	Artificial process of replenishing a beach with material from another
nourishment	source.
Berm crest	Ridge of sand or gravel deposited by wave action on the shore just
	above the normal high water mark.
Breaker zone	Area in the sea where the waves break.
Coastal	The reduction in habitat area which can arise if the natural landward
squeeze	migration of a habitat under sea level rise is prevented by the fixing of the high water mark, e.g. a sea wall.
Downdrift	Direction of alongshore movement of beach materials.
Ebb-tide	The falling tide, part of the tidal cycle between high water and the next
	low water.
Fetch	Length of water over which a given wind has blown that determines the size of the waves produced.
Flood-tide	Rising tide, part of the tidal cycle between low water and the next high
	water.
Foreshore	Zone between the high water and low water marks, also known as the intertidal zone.
Geomorphology	The branch of physical geography/geology which deals with the form of the Earth, the general configuration of its surface, the distribution of the land, water, etc.
Groyne	Shore protection structure built perpendicular to the shore; designed to trap sediment.
Mean High Water (MHW)	The average of all high waters observed over a sufficiently long period.
Mean Low Water (MLW)	The average of all low waters observed over a sufficiently long period.
Mean Sea Level (MSL)	Average height of the sea surface over a 19-year period.
Offshore zone	Extends from the low water mark to a water depth of about 15 m and is permanently covered with water.
Storm surge	A rise in the sea surface on an open coast, resulting from a storm.
Swell	Waves that have travelled out of the area in which they were generated.
Tidal prism	The volume of water within the estuary between the level of high and
	low tide, typically taken for mean spring tides.
Tide	Periodic rising and falling of large bodies of water resulting from the
Topography	gravitational attraction of the moon and sun acting on the rotating earth.
Тородгарпу	Configuration of a surface including its relief and the position of its natural and man-made features.
Transgression	The landward movement of the shoreline in response to a rise in
1.12.12.9.000.011	relative sea level.
Updrift	Direction opposite to the predominant movement of longshore transport.
Wave direction	Direction from which a wave approaches.
Wave refraction	Process by which the direction of approach of a wave changes as it moves into shallow water.

Preamble

The Cell 1 Regional Coastal Monitoring Programme covers approximately 300km of the north east coastline, from the Scottish Border (just south of St. Abb's Head) to Flamborough Head in East Yorkshire. This coastline is often referred to as 'Coastal Sediment Cell 1' in England and Wales (Figure 1).



Figure 1 Sediment Cells in England and Wales

The main elements of the Cell 1 Regional Coastal Monitoring Programme involve:

- beach profile surveys
- topographic surveys
- cliff top recession surveys
- real-time wave data collection
- bathymetric and sea bed characterisation surveys
- aerial photography
- walk-over surveys

The beach profile surveys, topographic surveys and cliff top recession surveys are undertaken as a 'Full Measures' survey in autumn every year. Some of these surveys are then repeated the following spring as part of a 'Partial Measures' survey.

To date the following reports have been produced:

Table 1 Analytical, Update and Overview Reports Produced to Date

Year		Full Measures		Partial Measures		Cell 1
		Survey	Analytical Report	Survey	Update Report	Overview Report
1	2008/09	Sep-Dec 08	May 09	Mar-May 09		
2	2009/10	Sep-Dec 09	Mar 10	Feb-Mar 10	Jul 10	
3	2010/11	Aug-Nov 10	Feb 11	Feb-Apr 11	Aug 11	Sep 11
4	2011/12	Oct-Nov 11	Oct 12	Mar-May 12	Oct 12	
5	2012/13	Nov 12	Mar 13	Mar 13	Jun 13	
6	2013/14	Nov 13	Feb 14	Apr 14	Jul 14	
7	2014/15	Nov 14	Feb 15	Apr 15	Jul 15	
8	2015/16	Nov 15	Feb 16	Mar 16	Jul 16	Jun 16
9	2016/17	Nov 16	Feb 17	Mar 17	Jul 17	
10	2017/18	Oct 17	Feb 18	Apr 18	Jun 18 (*)	

^(*) The present report is **Update Report 10** and provides an analysis of the 2018 Partial Measures survey for South Tyneside Council's frontage.

1. Introduction

1.1 Study Area

South Tyneside Council's frontage extends from the mouth of the River Tyne Estuary to the outfall south of Whitburn. For the purposes of this report and for consistency with previous reporting, it has been sub-divided into four areas, namely:

- Littlehaven Beach
- Herd Sands

- Trow Quarry (incl. Frenchman's Bay)
- Marsden Bay

1.2 Methodology

Along South Tyneside Council's frontage, the following surveying is undertaken:

- Full Measures survey annually each autumn comprising:
 - o Beach profile surveys along 17 transect lines (commenced 2008)
 - o Topographic survey along Littlehaven Beach (commenced 2010)
 - o Topographic survey along Herd Sands (commenced 2008
 - Topographic survey along Trow Quarry (commenced 2008). Note the 2008 surveys at profiles 1bSS11, 1bSS12 and 1bSS13 were undertaken at a different location to subsequent surveys and have therefore been removed from the analysis presented here
- Partial Measures survey annually each spring comprising:
 - Beach profile surveys along 11 transect lines (commenced 2008)
 - o Topographic survey along Littlehaven Beach (commenced 2010)
 - Since 2014, Partial Measures survey has also included 2 additional profiles at Littlehaven. These are measured to record the new defence and beach profiles following completion of the sea defence works.
- Cliff top survey bi-annually at:
 - o Cliff top survey at Trow Quarry (incl. Frenchman's Bay) (commenced 2008)

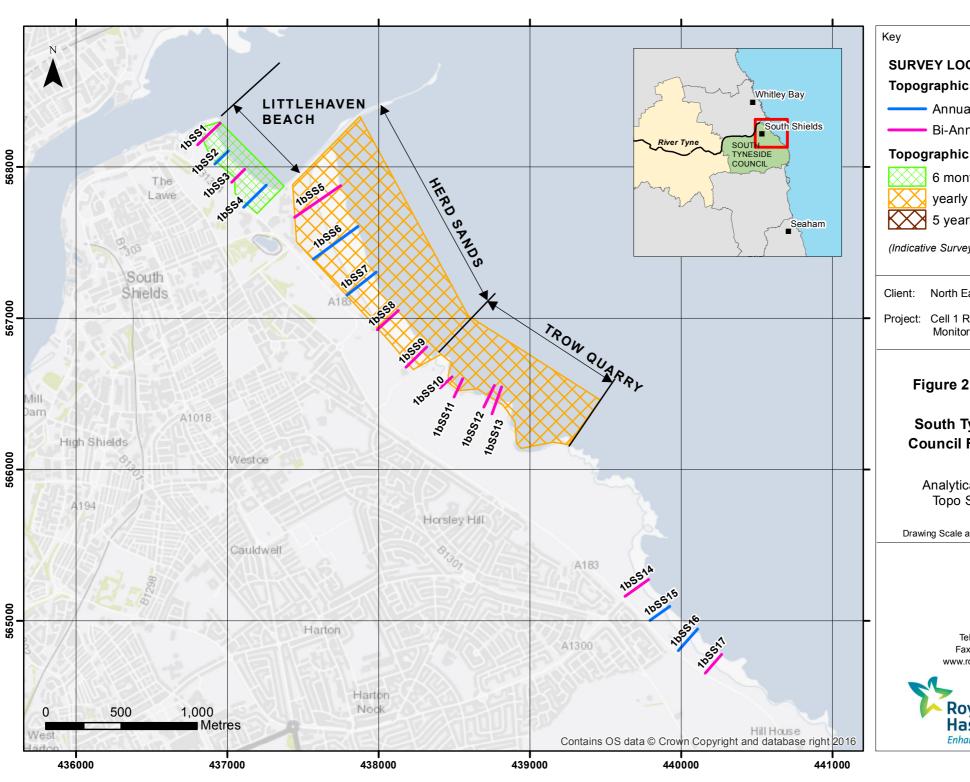
For all cliff-top surveys prior to Full Measures 2011, data was reported separately in Trow Quarry Coastal Defence Scheme - Monitoring Plan Year 2 (available from South Tyneside Council). The data was saved in '.kmz' format for plotting and comparison in GoogleEarth. For the present survey report, this data has been visualised in GIS, which revealed the quality was variable and reliable interpretations of cliff change could not be made. For this reason, the 'kmz' files are not presented or analysed as part of the present report. Therefore, cliff top survey data collected from Full Measures survey (autumn 2011) going forward is presented in this report. The location of these surveys is shown in Figure 2.

The Partial Measures survey was undertaken along this frontage between 12th April 2018 and 14th April 2018. During this time weather conditions were variable; refer to the survey reports for details of the weather conditions over this survey period.

This Update Report presents the following:

- description of the changes observed since the previous survey and an interpretation of the drivers of these changes (Section 2);
- documentation of any problems encountered during surveying or uncertainties inherent in the analysis (Section 3);
- recommendations for 'fine-tuning' the programme to enhance its outputs (Section 4); and
- providing key conclusions and highlighting any areas of concern (Section 5).

Data from the present survey are presented in a processed form in the Appendices.



SURVEY LOCATIONS Topographic Profiles

Annual

Bi-Annual

Topographic Surveys

6 monthly

5 yearly

(Indicative Survey Extents shown)

North East Coastal Group

Project: Cell 1 Regional Coastal Monitoring Programme

Figure 2 - Map 1

South Tyneside Council Frontage

Analytical Report Topo Surveys

Drawing Scale at A4 1:25,000

WATER

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2. Analysis of Survey Data

2.1 Littlehaven Beach

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
14 th April 2018	Beach Profiles: Littlehaven Beach is covered by four beach profile lines for the Partial Measures surveys, distributed between South Groyne and South Pier (1bSS1, 1bSS2, 1bSS3 and 1bSS4). The previous survey was the Full Measures survey undertaken in autumn 2016. Profile 1bSS1 is located towards the north of Littlehaven Beach, in the lee of a rocky outcrop and harbour wall. The dunes have changed little, with <0.1m accretion over the dune crest. There has been erosion between the toe of the dunes and chainage 85m of up to 0.7m, with accretion of 0.6m over the rest of the beach to the exposed rock at chainage 150m. Overall the dunes are high, the upper beach is at its lowest recorded level, and the lower beach is at its highest recorded level compared to the range recorded from previous surveys. Profiles 1bSS2 to 1bSS4 extend seawards from the new sea wall that was completed in 2014. At profile 1bSS2 the beach levels at the toe of the seawall have increased by up to 0.8m, up to chainage 0m. Between chainage 0m and 65m there has been erosion of up to 1.2m. Seawards of chainage 65m there appears to have been very little change, ±0.1m. The upper beach between the seawall and chainage 0mhas the highest recorded levels compared to the range recorded from previous surveys, however the rest of the profile is relatively low-medium, with the section between chainage 5m and 40m being the lowest on record. At profile 1bSS3 there has been accretion of up to 0.8m between the new defences and -25m chainage. Between chainage -25m and 60m there has been erosion of up to 1.2m, removing the berm. The toe of the beach seawards of 60m appears to have accreted by up to 0.2m. Between the seawall and chainage -25m the profile is at its highest recorded level; however, the rest of the profile is at a low-medium level compared with the range recorded from previous surveys, with the section between -5m and 15m being the lowest on record.	Overall the upper beach has eroded except immediately at the toe of the seawall where there has been accretion to the highest beach levels recorded. The toe of the beach appears to also show accretion. Longer term trends: When compared with previous profile surveys, profiles 1bSS1 to 1bSS4 are generally within the bounds of previous surveys, though towards the lower limit, indicating normal seasonal behaviour with no clear trend. However, the upper beach generally shows its highest recorded levels at the toe of the new sea wall.

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
	At profile 1bSS4 there has been little change, <0.1m erosion, to the upper beach between the seawall and the rock outcrop at chainage 75m. There has been erosion of up to 1.2m between the rock outcrop and chainage 120m. The lower beach from chainage 120m has accreted by up to 0.4m. Overall the beach is at a relatively low level with the sections between chainage 35m and 50m, and 80m and 110m being the lowest on record.	
April 2018	Topographic Survey: Littlehaven Beach is covered by bi-annual topographic survey between the South Groyne and the South Pier, which commenced in March 2010. Data from the most recent topographic survey (Partial Measures, spring 2018) have been used to create a DGM (Appendix B – Map 1a) using a Geographical Information System (GIS). A difference plot has also been produced using the DGM (Appendix B – Map 1b) produced from the last produced topographic survey (Full Measures, autumn 2017) and the present survey.	The pattern of beach elevation change observed from the topographic difference plot indicates distinct areas of erosion and accretion, associated with migration of sand bars across the beach face.
	The difference plot shows a clear a pattern of change across the beach, which reflects the beach profile data. The plots show, in general terms, alternating bands of change, which extend from north to south, and comprise: (i) a narrow band of accretion in the upper beach against the new defences; (ii) a wide band of erosion in the upper/middle beach; and (iii) a narrow band of accretion/little change in the lower beach. The pattern of alternating bands of erosion and accretion suggests cross-shore movements of sediment. The dunes at the northern end of the bay generally show accretion.	

2.2 Herd Sands

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
14 th April 2018	Beach Profiles: Herd Sands is covered by three beach profile lines for the Partial Measures survey (Appendix A). The previous survey was the Full Measures survey undertaken in autumn 2017. Profile 1bSS5 is located towards the northern end of Herd Sands, in the lee of the breakwater. Sand fences were constructed on the dunes in 2012 to encourage accretion and stabilisation. The dunes show accretion of generally 0.2m, with greater accumulations of up to 0.8m infilling the hollows between chainage 57m and 70m, and 87m and 100m. Seawards of chainage 100m the beach has eroded, with the largest drops of up to 1.3m where the two berms have been removed (crests previously recorded at chainage 170m and 230m). The result of the changes is a much smoother profile compared to the previous survey. The dunes are at their highest recorded levels, whilst the rest of the beach is at a medium-low level compared to the range recorded from previous surveys. Profile 1bSS8 is located to the south of Herd Sands. The beach elevation has increased by up to 1.0m between the seaward edge of the tarmac promenade at 4m chainage and 14m chainage. Between 14m and 150m chainage the level of the beach face has reduced by up to 1.2m, creating a smoother concave profile. Seaward of 150m the beach toe appears to have experienced accretion of up to 0.3m. The upper beach is at a medium-low level compared to the range recorded from previous surveys, whilst the lower beach is at a relatively high level. Profile 1bSS9 is located to the south of Herd Sands where dunes have remained stable since the previous survey. There has been erosion of up to 1.2m across the majority of the beach, removing the berms and creating a smoother more concave profile. The exception is the toe of the beach which indicated slight accretion of 0.3m. Overall the profile is at a medium level compared to the range recorded from previous surveys.	Since the last survey, the dunes at Herd Sands have, on the whole remained stable, with some accretion. Along the length of the Herd Sands the beaches have been dominated by erosion, with some slight accretion at the toe of the beach. Longer term trends: On the whole, the beach is within the range of levels seen in earlier surveys.

2.3 Trow Quarry (incl. Frenchman's Bay)

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
14 TH April 2018	Beach Profiles: Trow Quarry is covered by four beach profile lines for the Partial Measures survey (Appendix A), two in Graham's Sand and two in Southern Bay. The previous survey was the Full Measures survey undertaken in autumn 2017. Profiles 1bSS10 and 1bSS11 are located in Graham's Bay. At profile 1bSS10, there has been very little change between chainage 15m and 25m. Seaward of 25m chainage there has been a decrease in levels of up to 0.4m. Overall the profile is at a low level compared to the range recorded from previous surveys. At profile 1bSS11, the beach profile has remained stable since the previous survey. Profiles 1bSS12 and 1bSS13 are located in Southern Bay. At both locations the beach profile has remained stable since the previous survey.	Since the last survey at Graham's Bay and Southern Bay the cliff, rock revetment and upper boulder/cobble rocky beach have, on the whole, remained stable. However, there has been a decrease in elevation at 1bSS10. In Southern Bay, there is no change evident from the profiles, but the presence of cobble-sized beach material in the gaps between rock armour blocks (evident in the survey photographs) indicates sufficient wave energy to move this material. Longer term trends: At both Graham's Bay and Southern Bay the beach levels are within the range of levels seen in previous surveys, indicating changes are within typical seasonal variation.
March 2017	Cliff top Survey: Cliff top survey data collected for the baseline survey (autumn, 2011), Full Measures survey (autumn, 2017) and the present Partial Measures survey (spring, 2018) is presented in this report. Six ground control points (numbered 1-6) were established along the cliff top at Trow Point in 2011 to monitor cliff erosion at the headland adjacent to the site of a former landfill. Note: the numbering of ground control points is not intended to correlate with that of the beach profile lines and reference should be made to Appendix C – Map 1 for the location of ground control points. These cliff top surveys are undertaken bi-annually. Measurements are taken from each ground control point along a fixed bearing to the edge of the cliff top. The results from the cliff top monitoring are anticipated to have an accuracy of ±0.2m due to the technique used. The results from the cliff top survey are presented in Appendix C – Table C1, showing the position from the ground control point to	Since the last survey, no erosion greater than the survey error was recorded. Longer term trends: Very limited change has been detected since surveys began in November 2011.

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
	the edge of the cliff top along a defined bearing.	
	Results show that since the last survey in October 2017, no cliff movement greater than the survey error occurred. No change greater than the survey error has been recorded over the long term.	

2.4 Marsden Bay

Survey Date	Description of Changes Since Last Survey	Interpretation
14 th April 2018	Beach Profiles: Marsden Bay is covered by two beach profile lines for the Partial Measures survey (Appendix A). The previous survey was the Full Measures survey undertaken in autumn 2017. Profile 1bSS14 is located to the north of the bay and covers the cliffs and former lifeguard station adjacent to the Redwell Steps. There has been no change in the cliff profile since the previous survey. There has been a small amount of accretion at the base of the steps of 0.3m. Between chainage 112m and 163m there has been erosion of up to 1.0m, exposing rocks between chainage 140m and 160m. Seawards of chainage 162m there has been accretion of up to 0.7m. Overall the profile is at a medium level compared to the range recorded from previous surveys, with the exception of the section between chainage 135m and 160m which is relatively low. Profile 1bSS17 is located to the south of the bay. There has been apparent recession of 1.0m at the cliff toe where the cliff is undercut, although it is possible that this is an artefact of the survey techniques. The upper beach between the cliff toe and 80m chainage has increased in elevation by up to 0.2m. Seaward of 80m chainage the rocky beach and shore platform has not changed. Overall the profile is at a medium level compared to the range recorded from previous surveys.	At profiles 1bSS14 the beach has steepened in response to winter/spring storm conditions. The beach at profile 1bSS17 shows 1.0m of recession at the cliff toe. However, this result should be treated with caution as it may relate to redistribution of sediment from the undercut cliff toe Longer term trends: At profile 1bSS14 and 1bSS17 the beach levels are within the bounds of previous changes, indicating fluctuating seasonal or interannual behaviour with no particular trend.

3. Problems Encountered and Uncertainty in Analysis

Individual Profiles / Topographic Survey

No issues recorded.

Cliff Top Surveys

• Surveying any cliff top is difficult due to the need for a consistent interpretation of the cliff edge in successive surveys, which can be challenging, especially when vegetation is thick. For these reasons, it has been assumed that any changes of ±0.2m may be considered as being within the accuracy of the surveying technique and that any indication of an advancing cliff line is error.

4. Recommendations for 'Fine-tuning' the Monitoring Programme

No changes are recommended at the present time.

5. Conclusions and Areas of Concern

- At Littlehaven Beach, the recorded profiles and topographic survey present no causes for concern. Overall the upper beach has eroded except immediately at the toe of the seawall where there has been accretion to the highest beach levels recorded.
- At Herd Sands, the dominant process has been erosion though the recorded profiles present no causes for concern.
- At Trow Quarry, the recorded profiles present no causes for concern. The cliffs to the north west of Trow Headland appear to have been stable and the data does not indicate cause for concern.
- At Marsden Bay, the recorded profiles present no causes for concern.

Appendices

Appendix A Beach Profiles

The following sediment feature codes are used on some profile plots:

Code	Description
S	Sand
M	Mud
G	Gravel
GS	Gravel & Sand
MS	Mud & Sand
В	Boulders
R	Rock
SD	Sea Defence
SM	Saltmarsh
W	Water Body
GM	Gravel & Mud
GR	Grass
D	Dune (non-vegetated)
DV	Dune (vegetated)
F	Forested
X	Mixture
FB	Obstruction
CT	Cliff Top
CE	Cliff Edge
CF	Cliff Face
SH	Shell
ZZ	Unknown

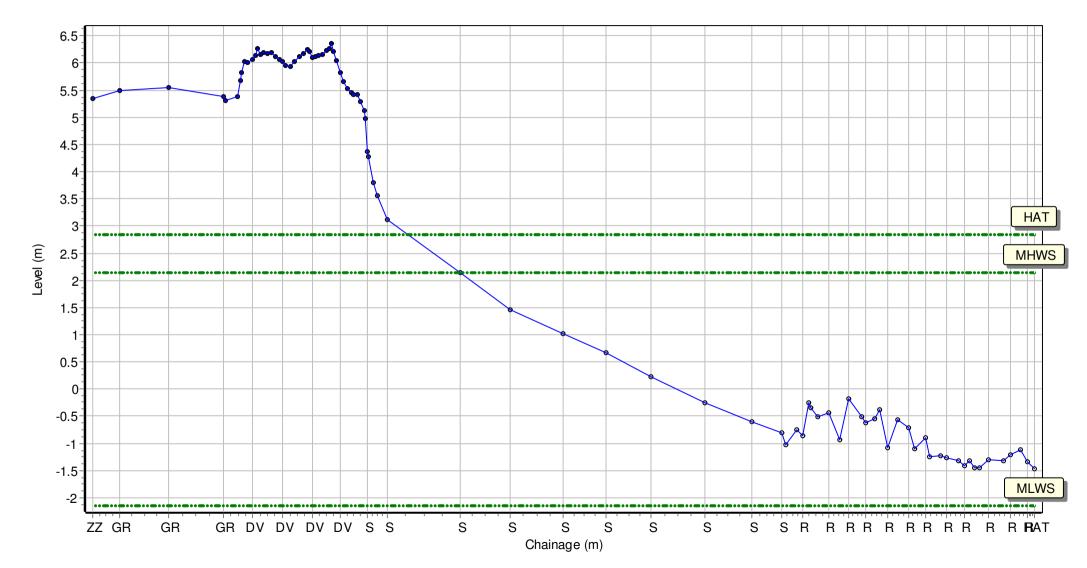
Location: 1bSS1

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 436810.004 Northing: 568148.06 Profile Bearing: 45 ° from North



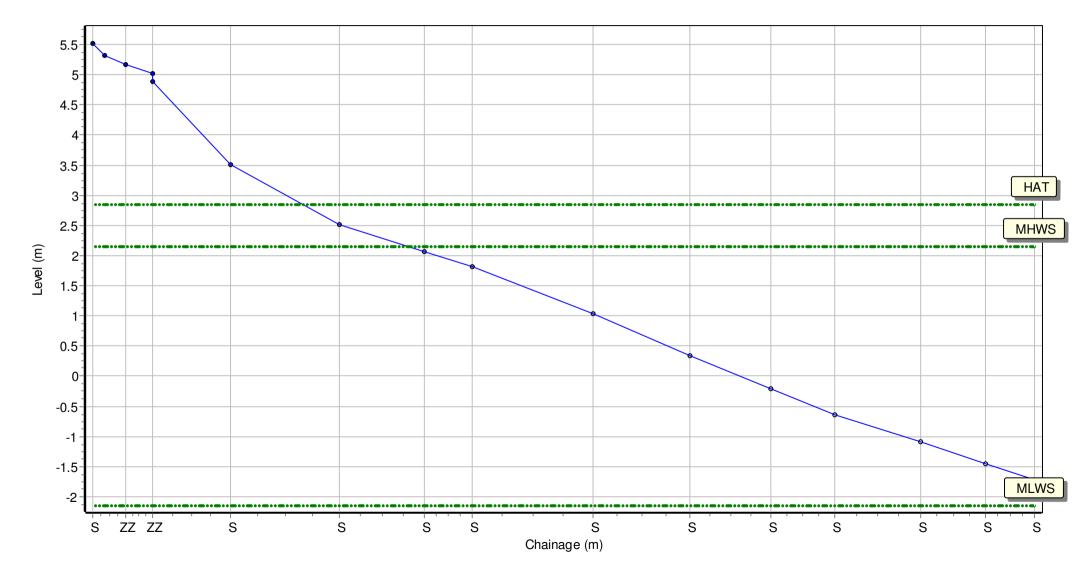
Location: 1bSS2

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 436919.706 Northing: 568022.387 Profile Bearing: 46 ° from North



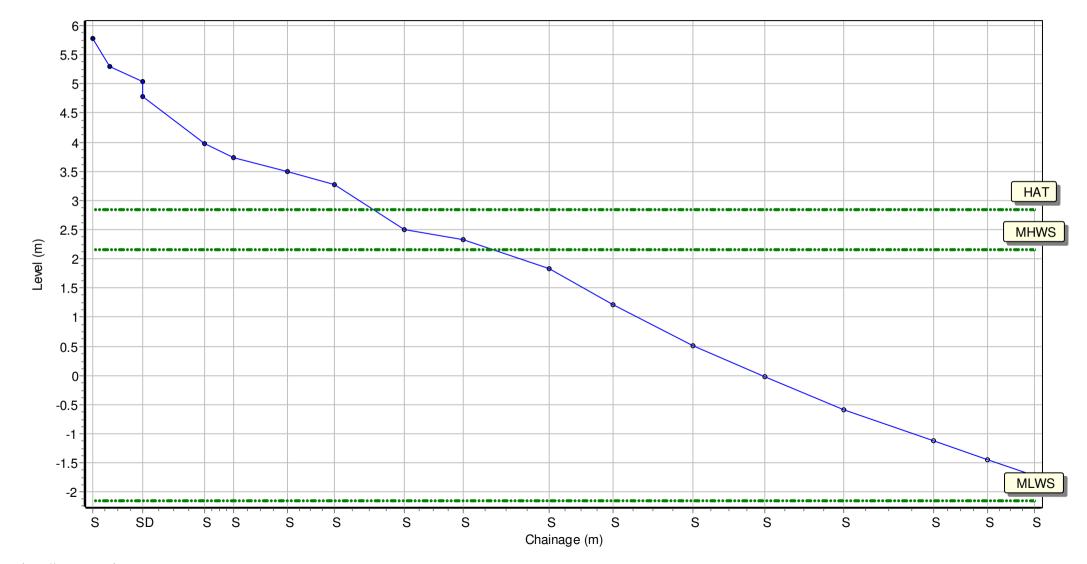
Location: 1bSS3

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 437034.005 Northing: 567902.485 Profile Bearing: 46 ° from North



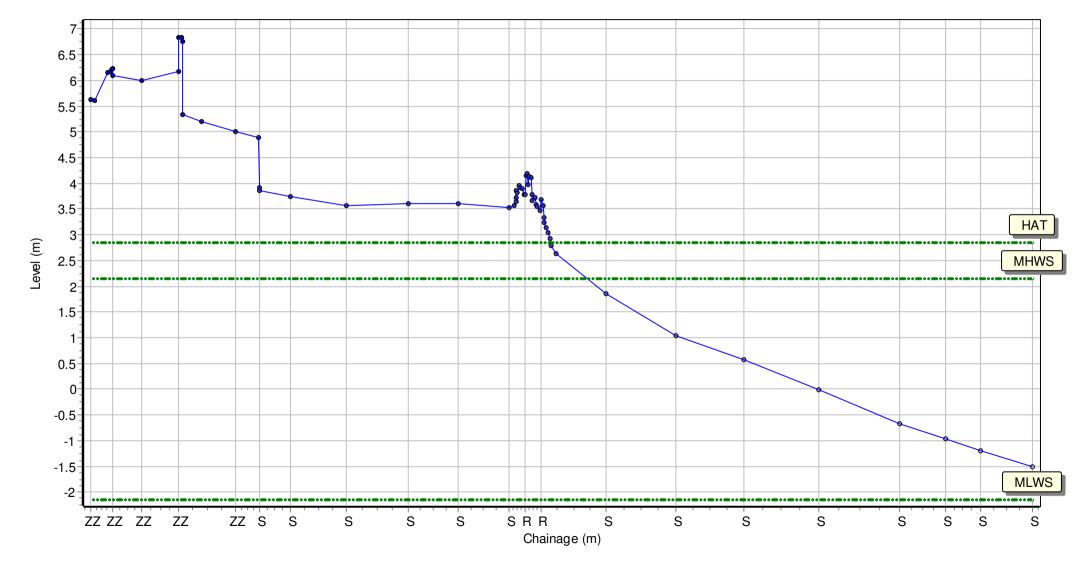
Location: 1bSS4

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 437113.944 Northing: 567736.452 Profile Bearing: 46 ° from North



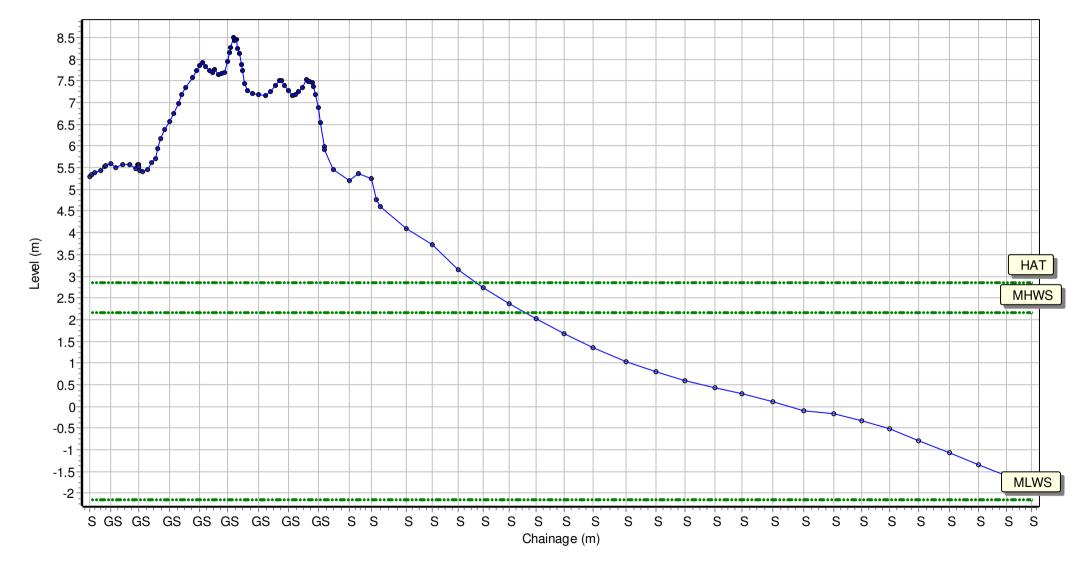
Location: 1bSS5

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 437448.703 Northing: 567669.997 Profile Bearing: 55 ° from North



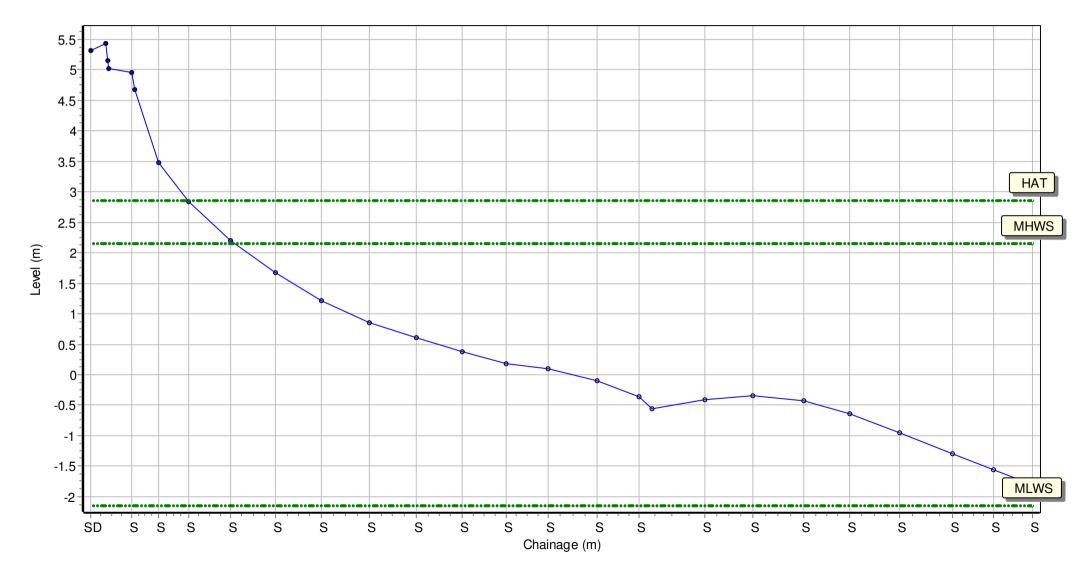
Location: 1bSS8

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 437996.548 Northing: 566926.497 Profile Bearing: 48 ° from North



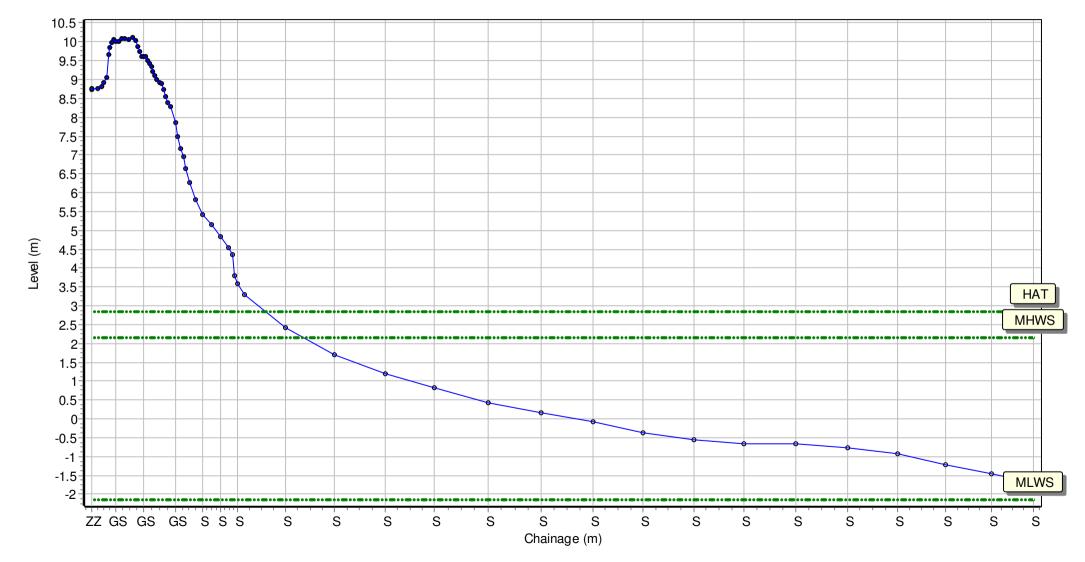
Location: 1bSS9

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 438183.431 Northing: 566678.818 Profile Bearing: 46 ° from North



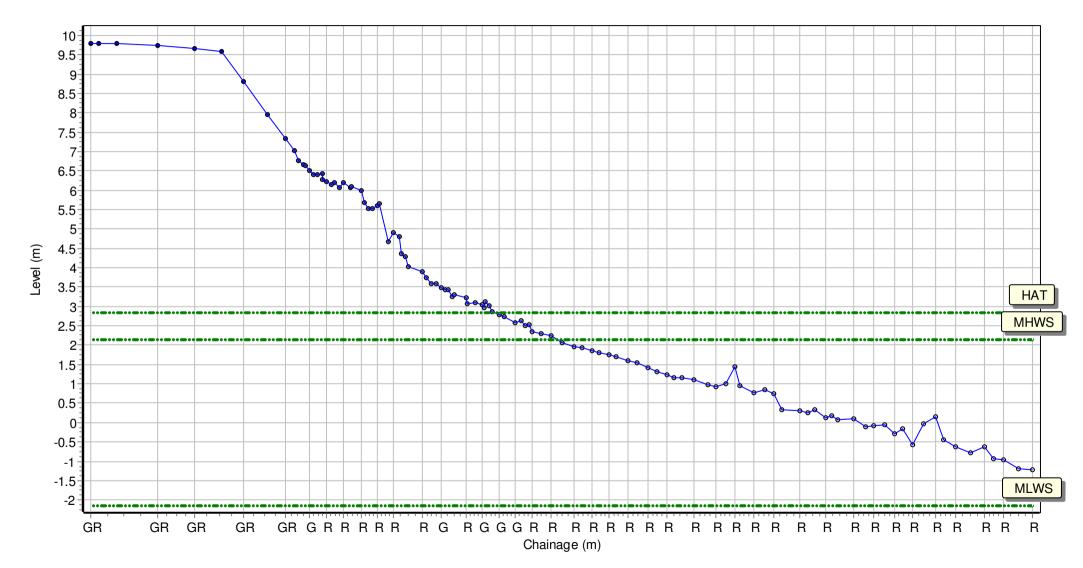
Location: 1bSS10

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 438408.755 Northing: 566539.727 Profile Bearing: 47 ° from North



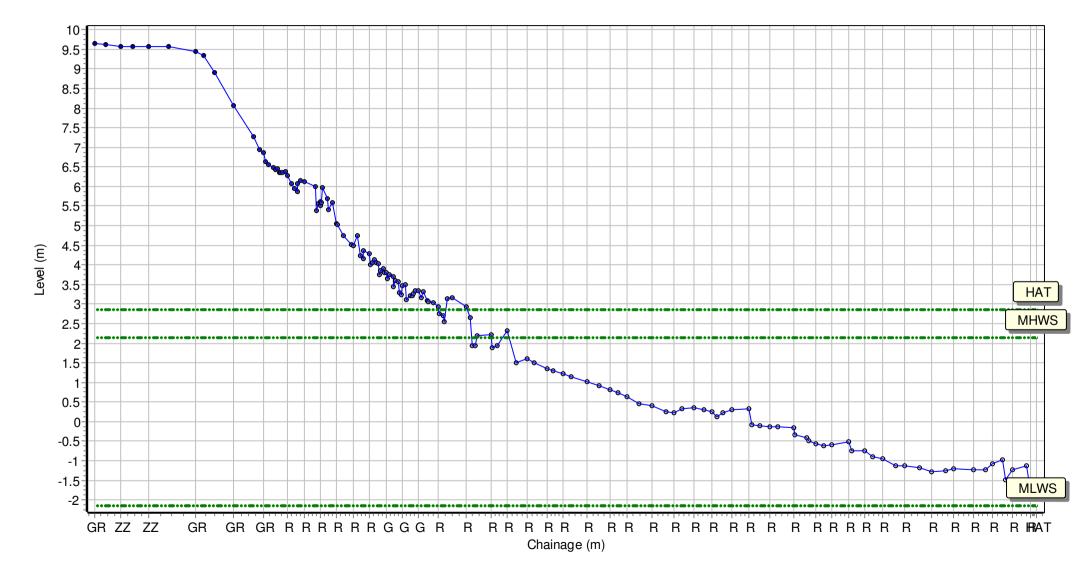
Location: 1bSS11

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 438498.97 Northing: 566479.034 Profile Bearing: 26 ° from North



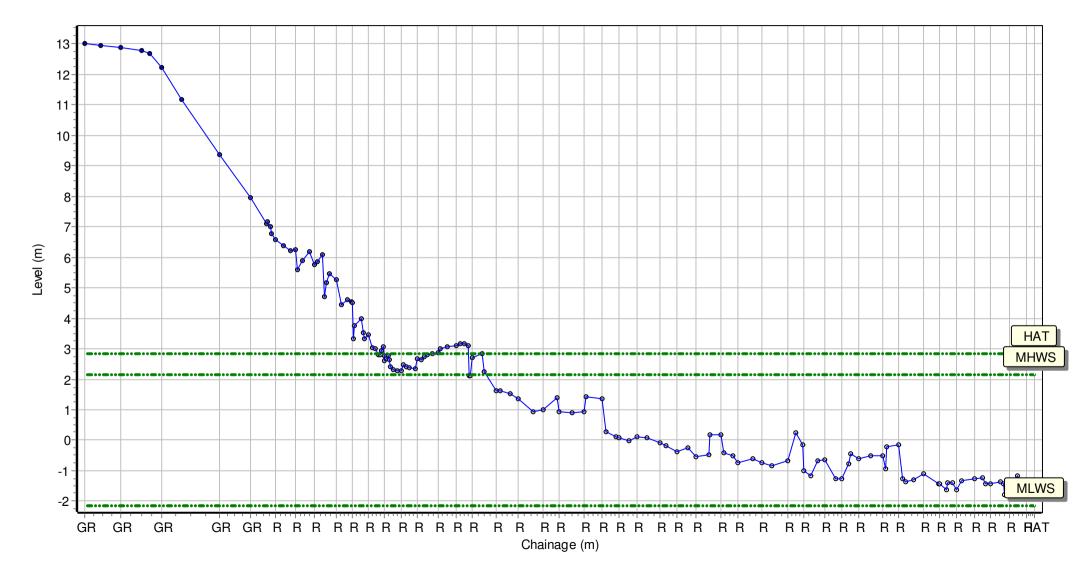
Location: 1bSS12

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 438696.305 Northing: 566412.949 Profile Bearing: 26 ° from North



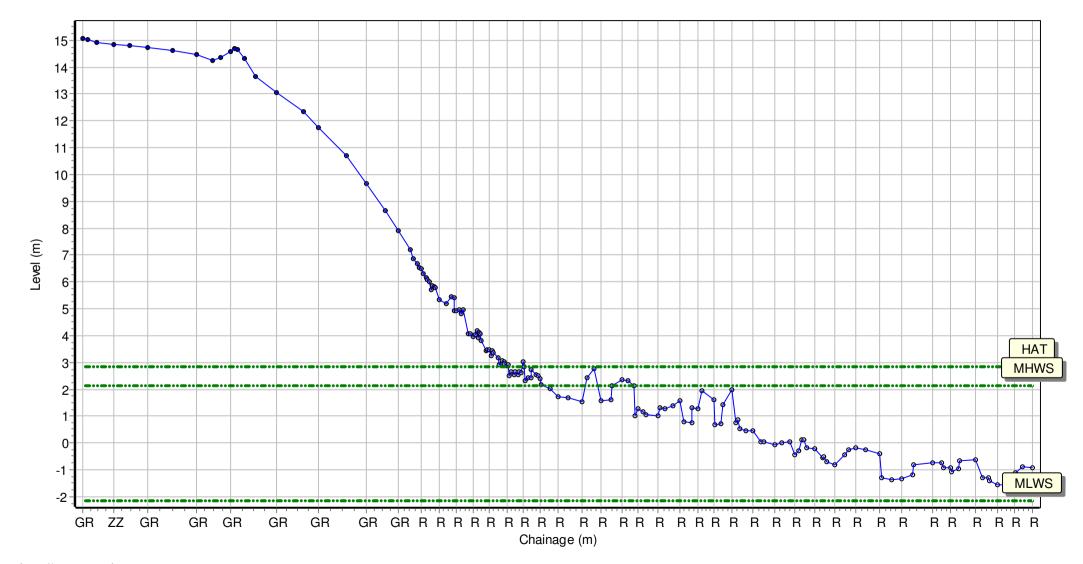
Location: 1bSS13

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 438750.749 Northing: 566369.415 Profile Bearing: 20 ° from North



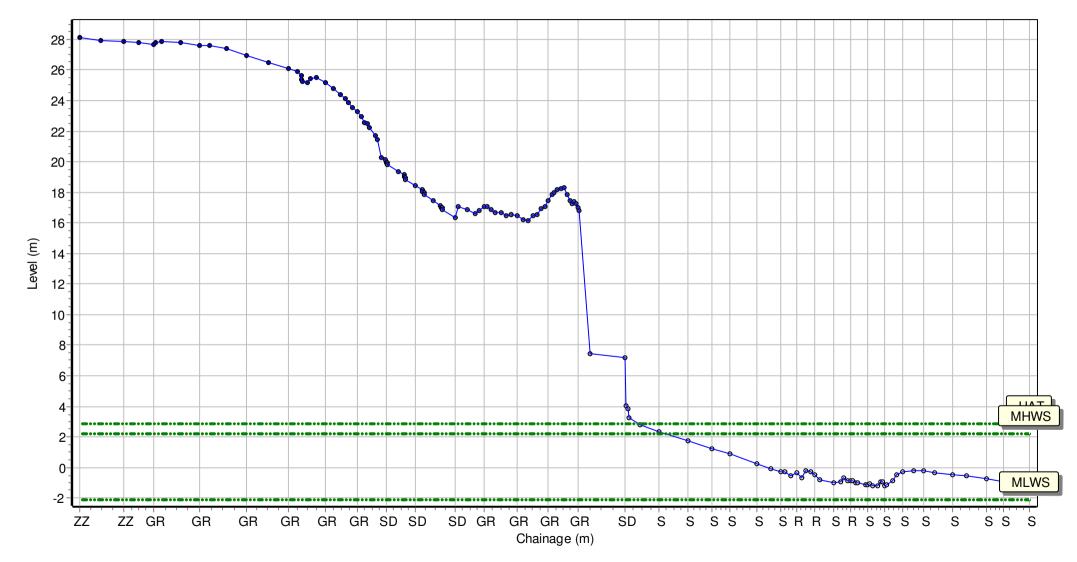
Location: 1bSS14

Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

Easting: 439630.452 Northing: 565163.521 Profile Bearing: 55 ° from North



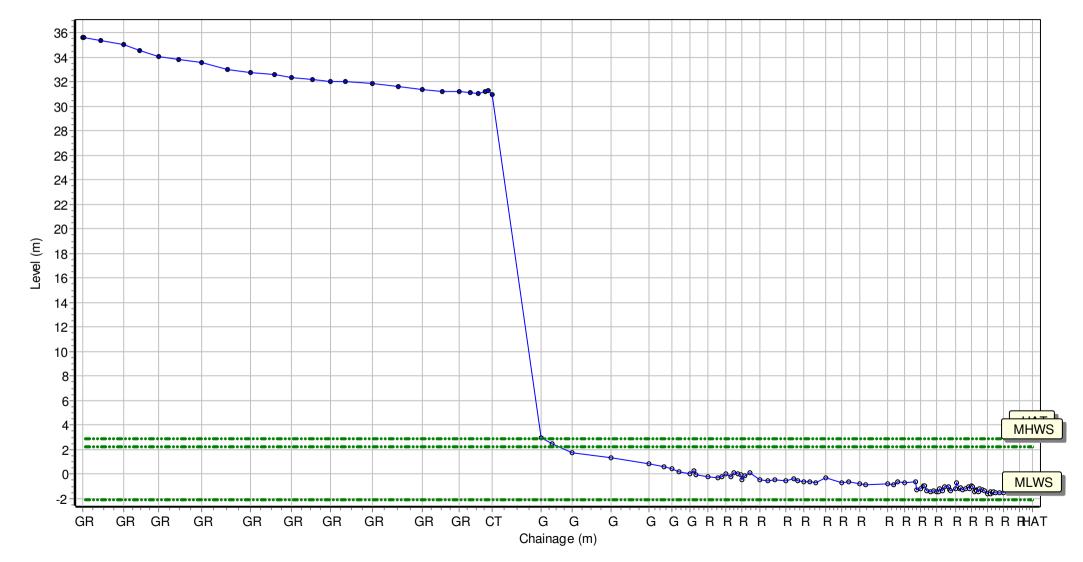
Location: 1bSS17

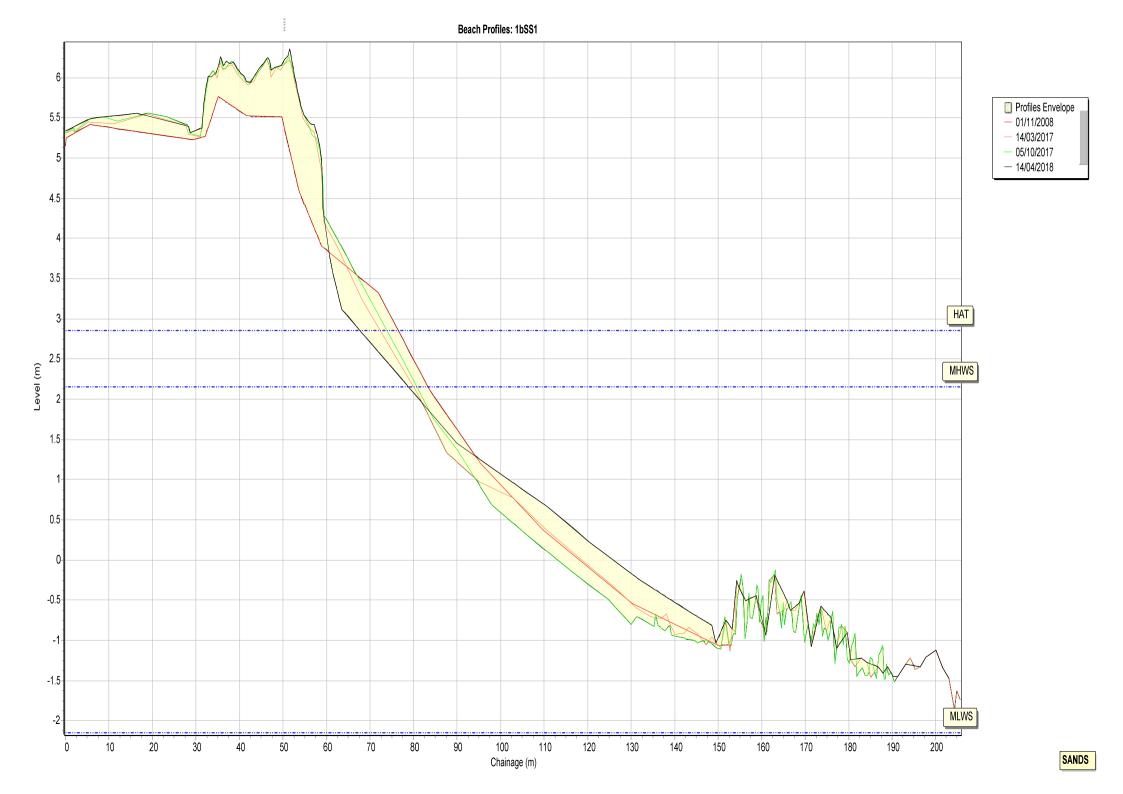
Date: 14/04/2018 Inspector: AG Low Tide: Low Tide Time:

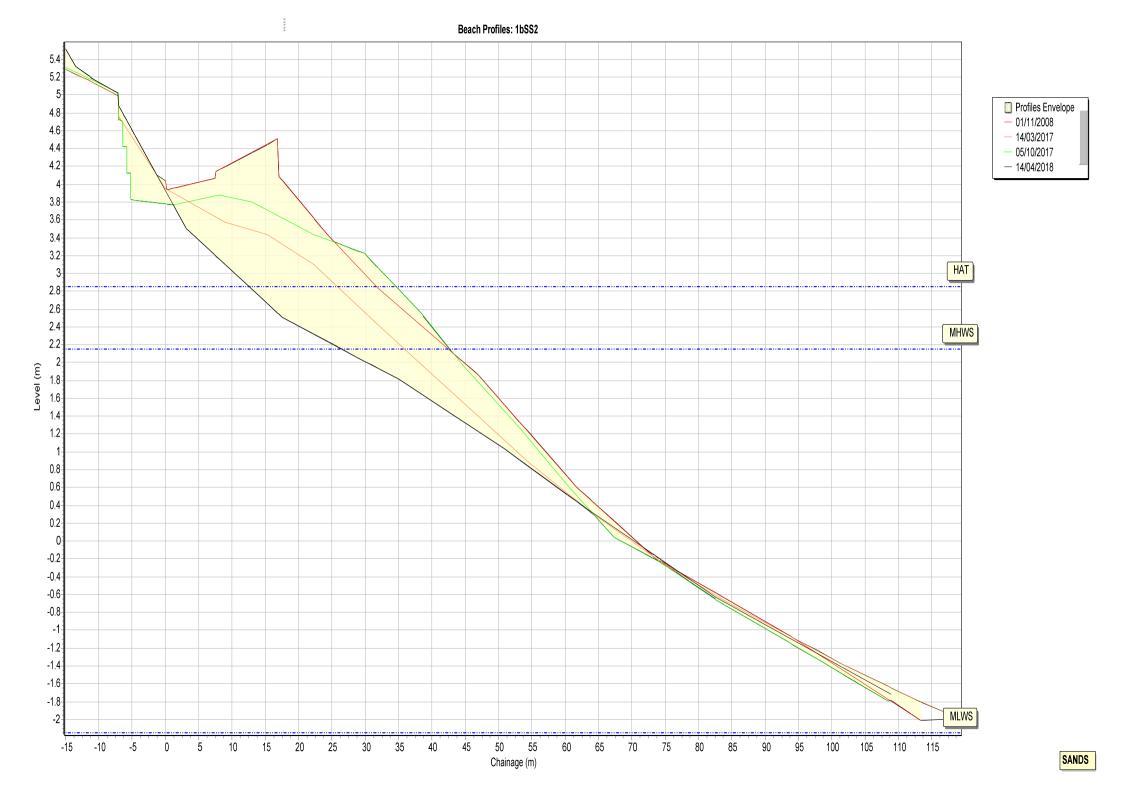
Wind Sea State: Visibility: Rain:

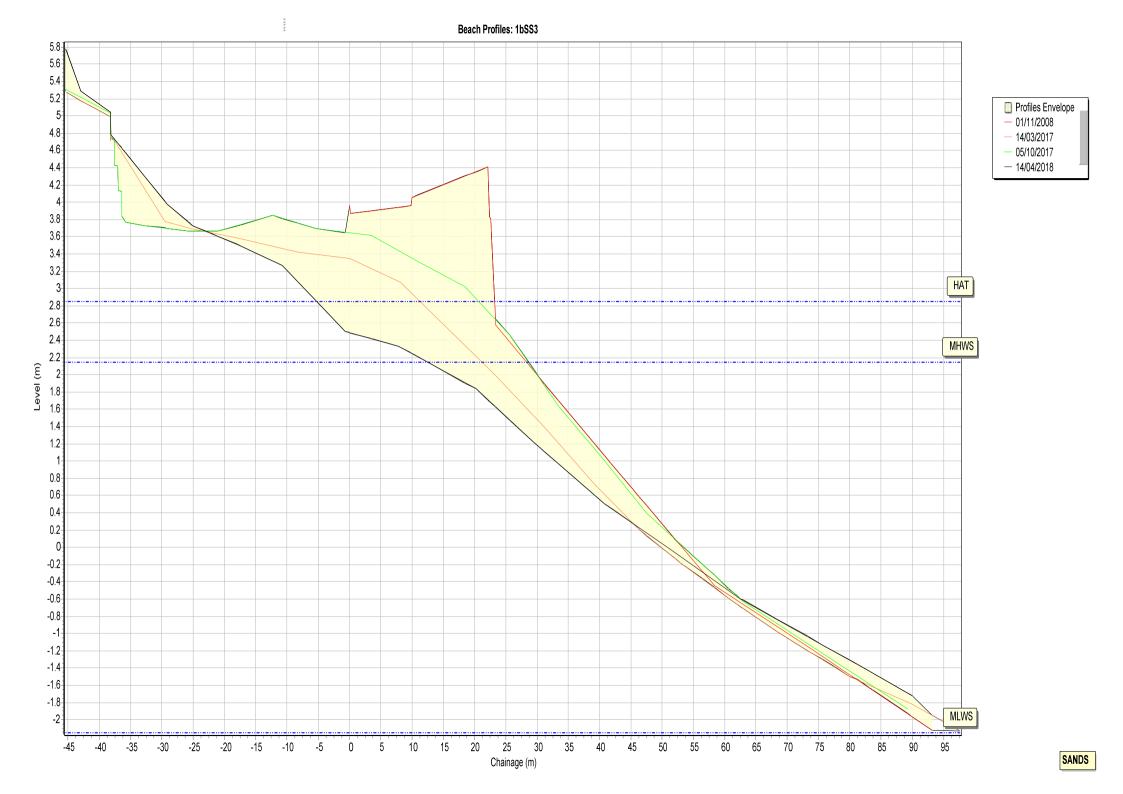
Summary: 2018 Partial Measures Topo Survey

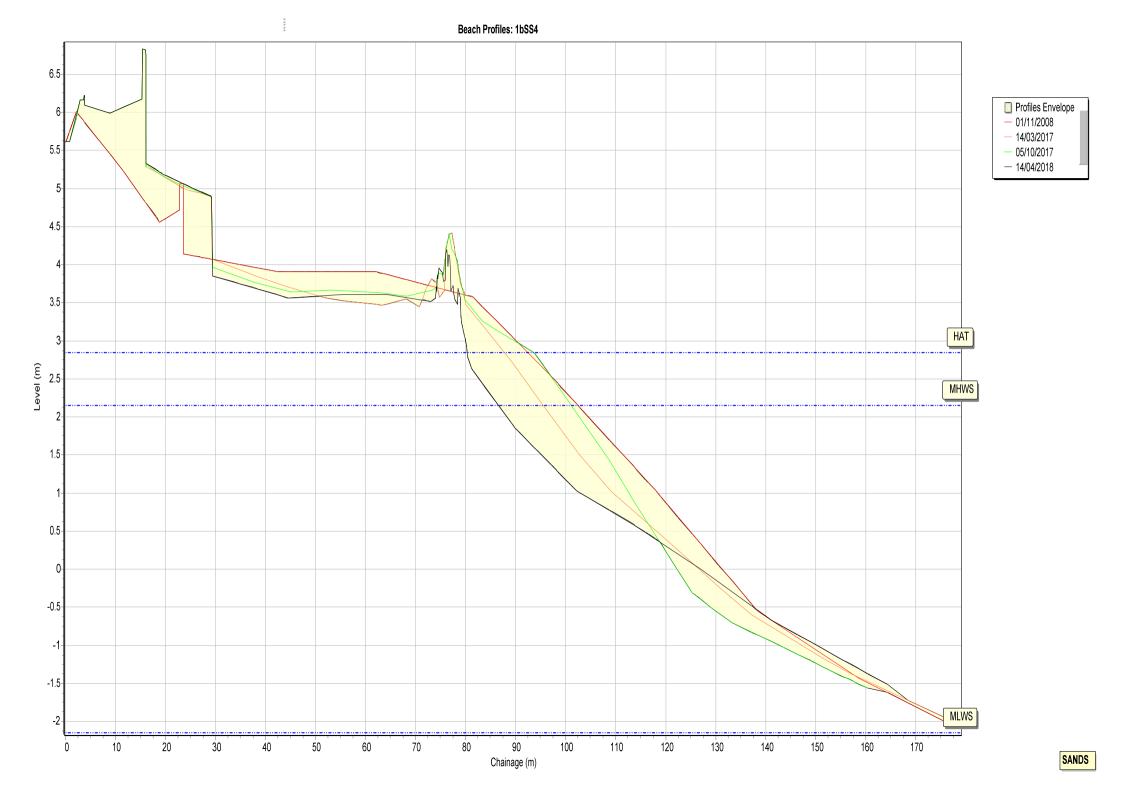
Easting: 440161.831 Northing: 564656.791 Profile Bearing: 41 ° from North

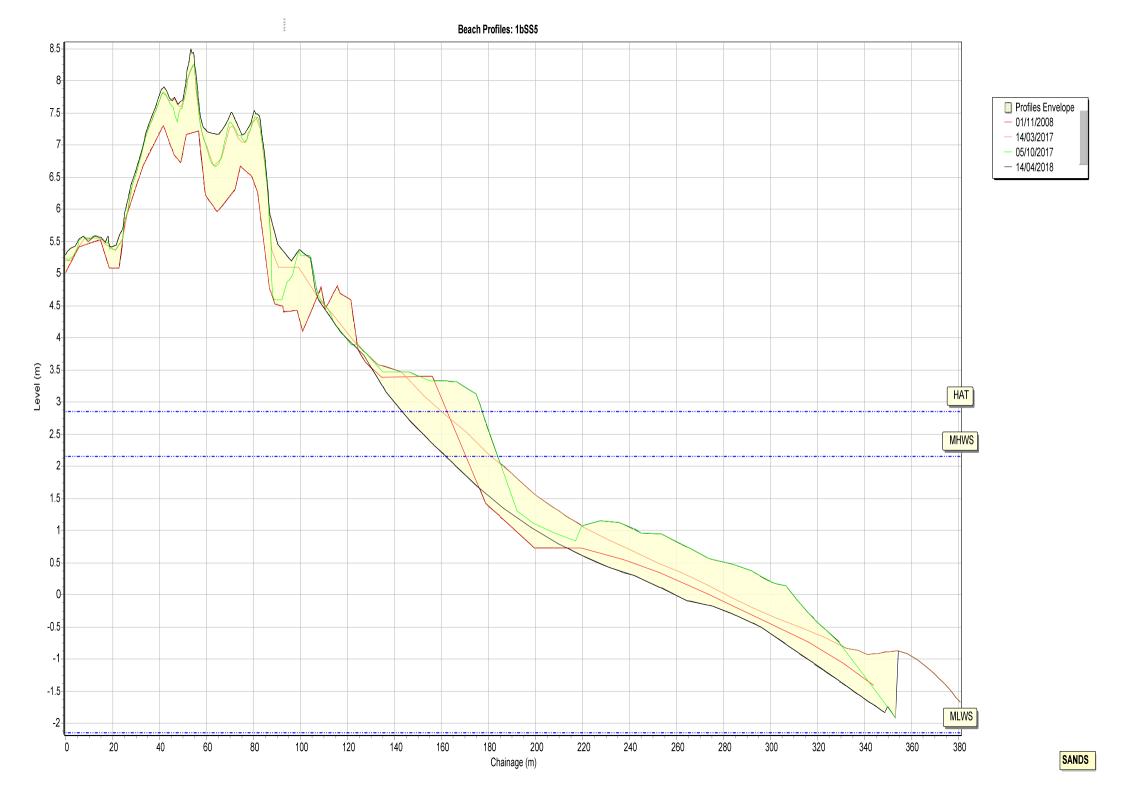


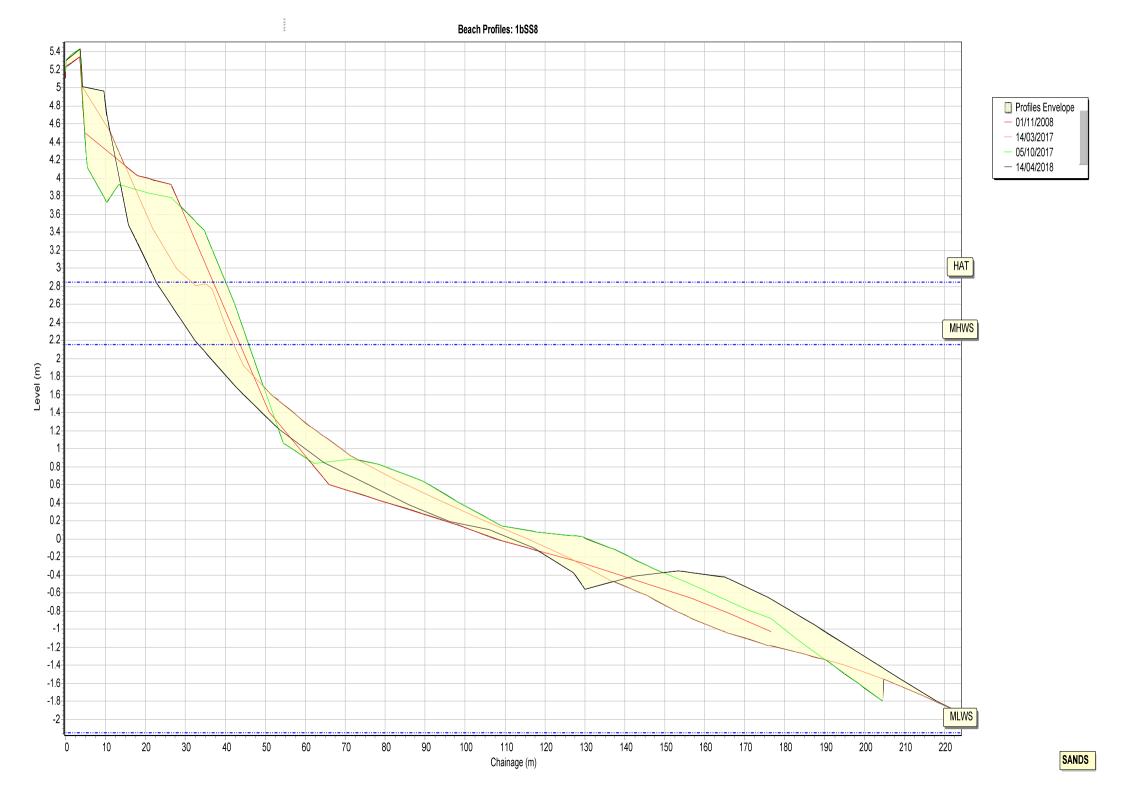


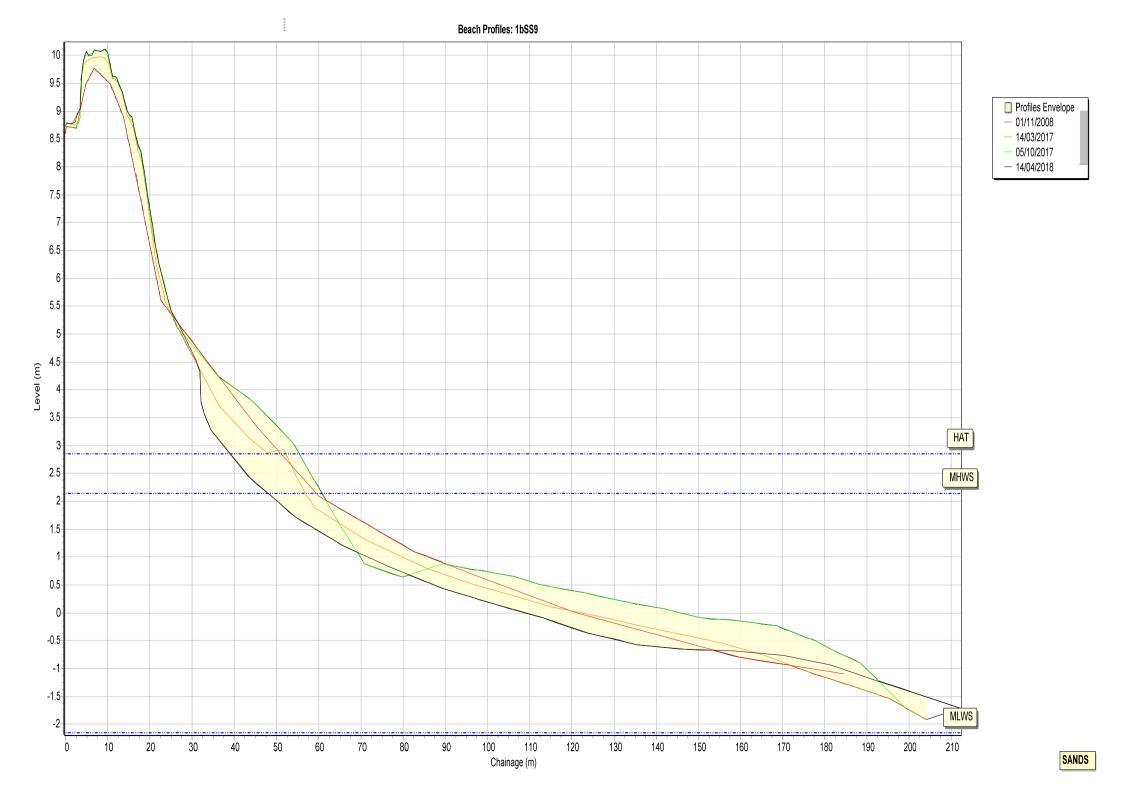


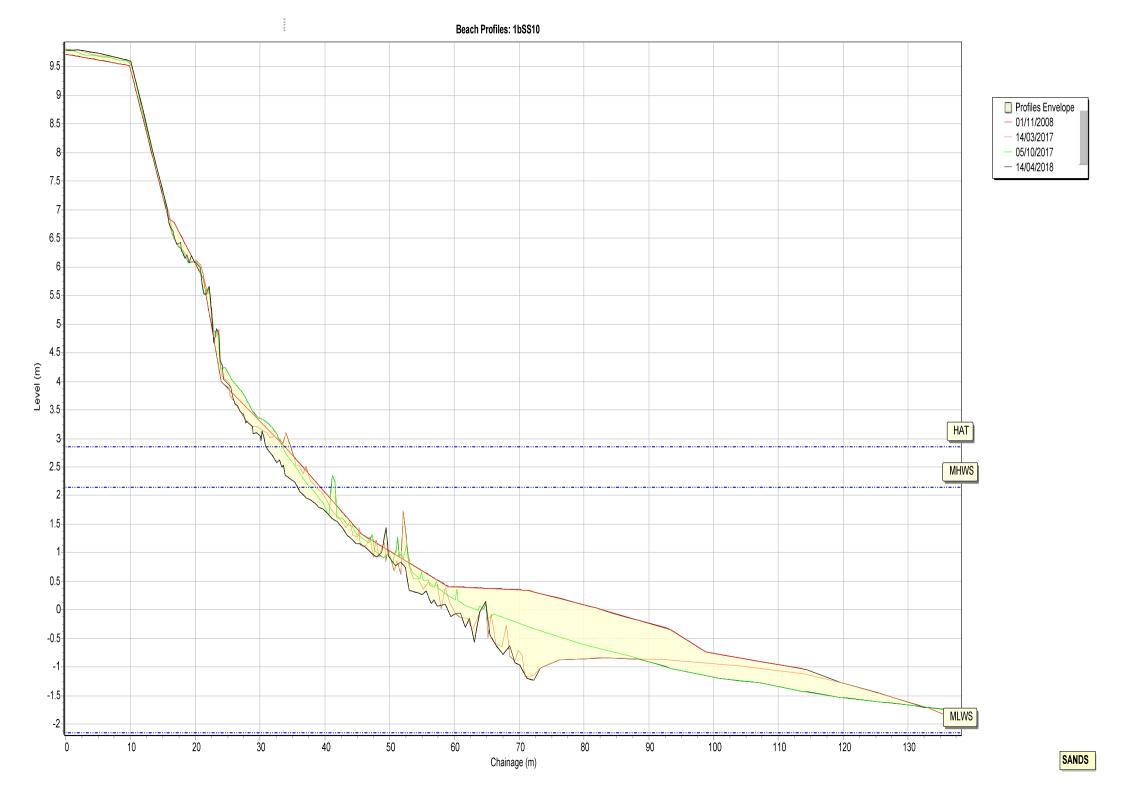


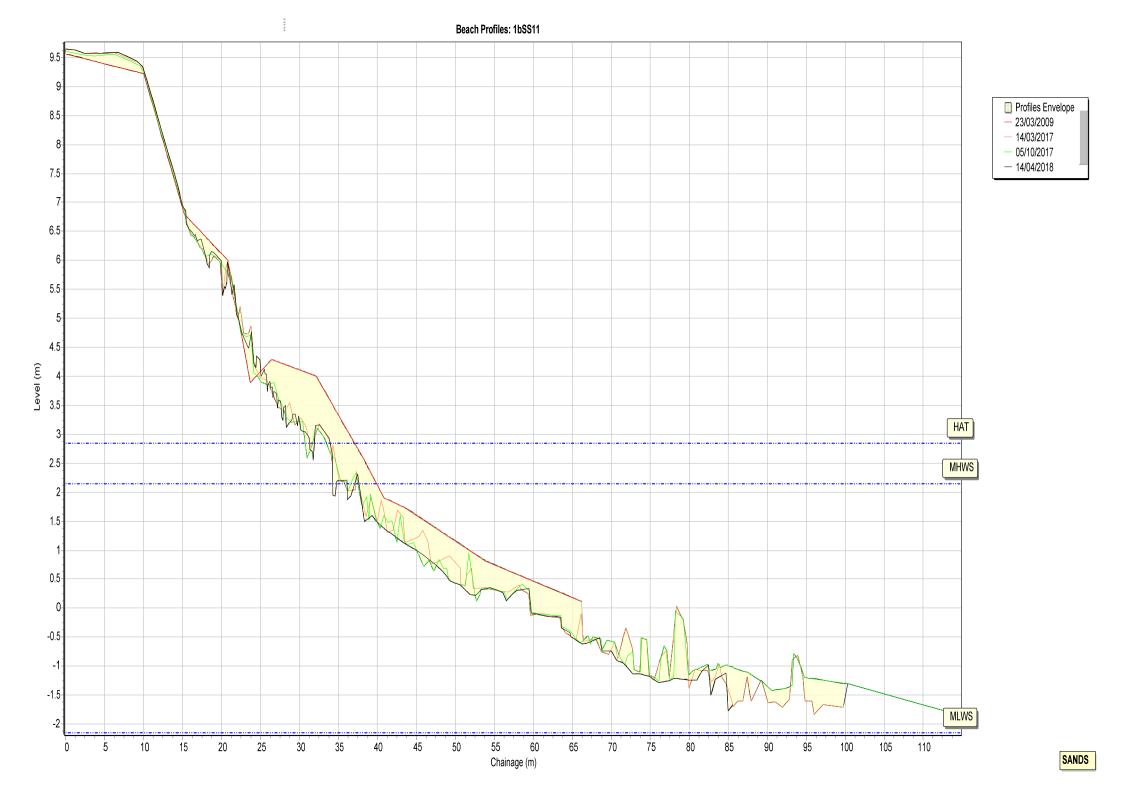


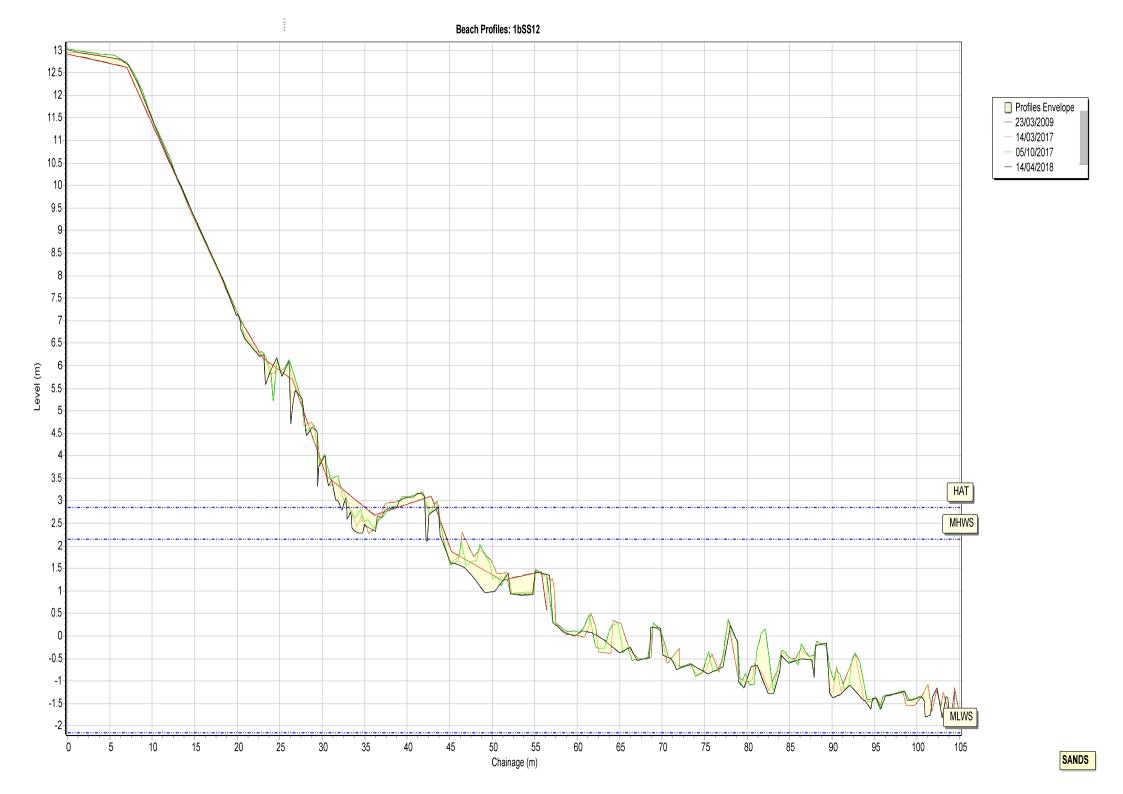


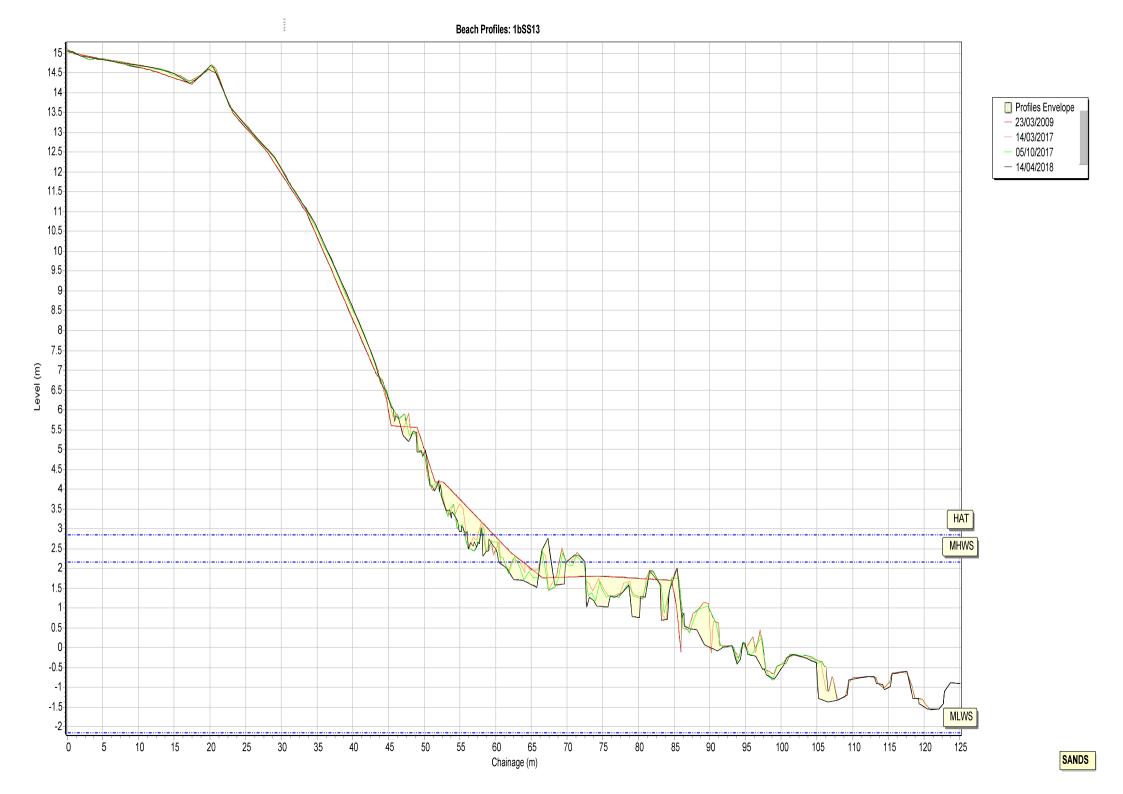


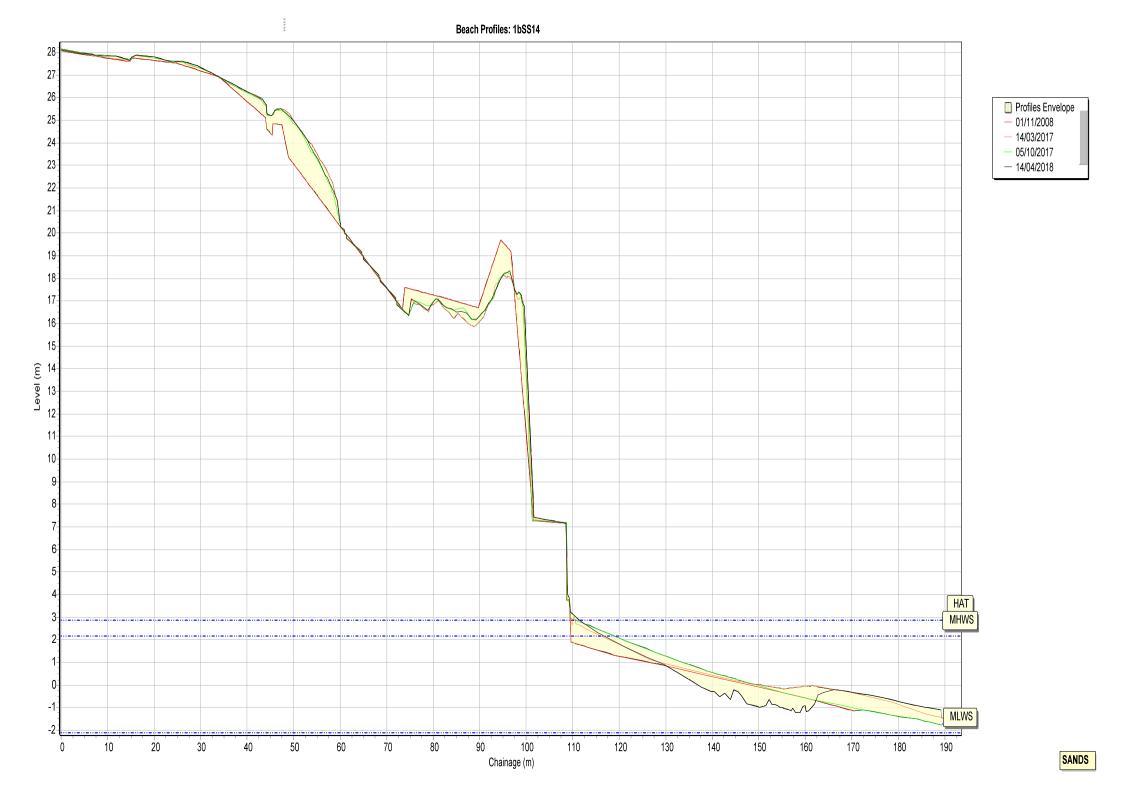


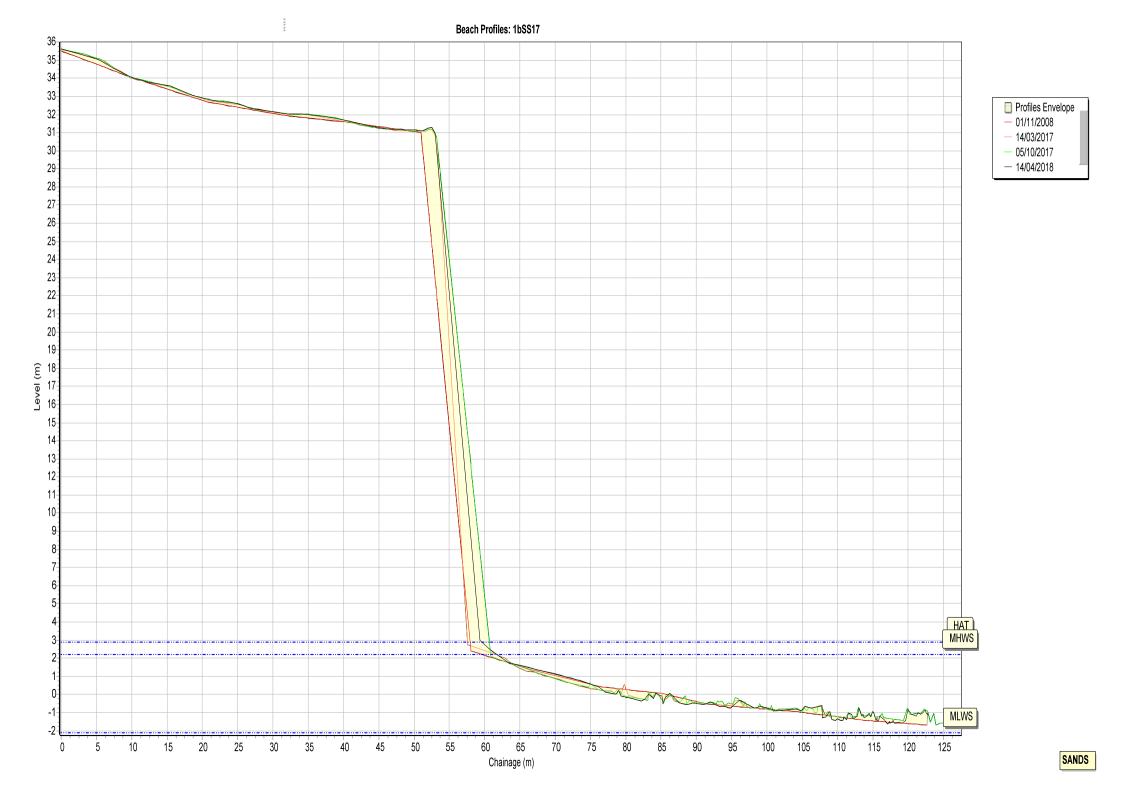




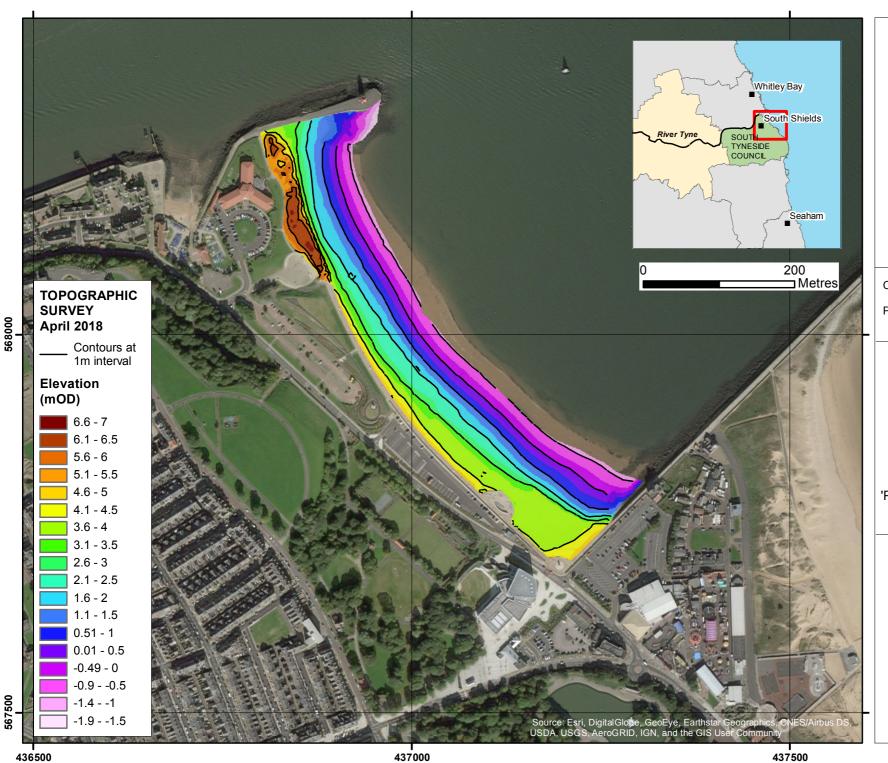








Appendix B Topographic Survey



Client: North East Coastal Group

Project: Cell 1 Regional Coastal Monitoring Programme

Appendix B - Map 1

LITTLEHAVEN BEACH

North Tyneside Council Frontage

Update Report 'Partial Measures' Survey 2018

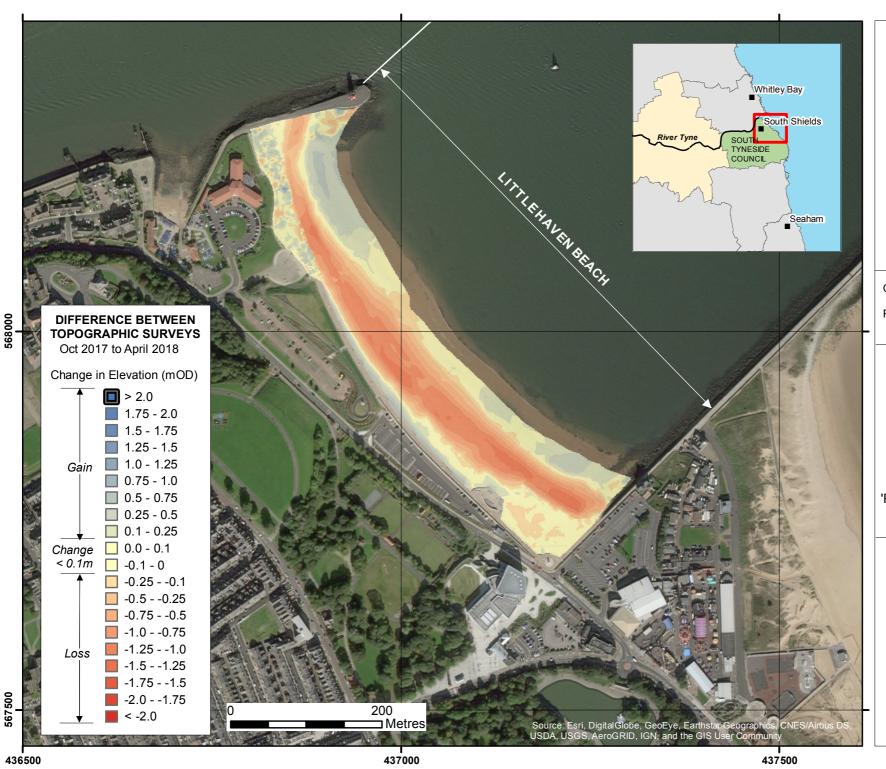
Drawing Scale at A4 1:5,000

WATER

Royal HaskoningDHV Marlborough House Marlborough Crescent Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 4EE

Tel: +44 (0)191 211 1300 Fax: +44 (0)191 211 1313 www.royalhaskoningdhv.com





Client: North East Coastal Group

Project: Cell 1 Regional Coastal Monitoring Programme

Appendix B - Map 2

LITTLEHAVEN BEACH

North Tyneside Council Frontage

Update Report 'Partial Measures' Survey 2018

Drawing Scale at A4 1:5,000

WATER

Royal HaskoningDHV Marlborough House Marlborough Crescent Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 4EE

Tel: +44 (0)191 211 1300 Fax: +44 (0)191 211 1313 www.royalhaskoningdhv.com



Appendix C Cliff Top Survey

Cliff Top Survey

Trow Quarry

Six ground control points have been established at Trow Quarry (Figure C1). The maximum separation between any two points varies along the coast, reflecting the degree of risk from the erosion.

The cliff top surveys at Trow Quarry are undertaken bi-annually. Measurements are taken from a fixed ground control point along a fixed bearing to the edge of the cliff top.

Table C1 provides baseline information about these ground control points and results from the 2011 (baseline) survey showing the position from the ground control point to the edge of the cliff top along the defined bearing. Future reports will show results from subsequent surveys and provide a means of assessing erosion since the baseline survey.

Table C1 - Cliff Top Surveys at Trow Quarry

Ground Control Points				Distance to Cliff Top (m)			Total Erosion (m)		Erosion Rate (m/year)
Ref	Easting	Northing	Bearing	Baseline Survey	Previous Survey	Present Survey	Baseline to Present	Previous to Present	Baseline to Present
			(°)	Sep 2011	Oct 2017	Apr 2018	Sep 2011 - Apr 2018	Oct 2017 - Apr 2018	Sep 2011 - Apr 2018
1	438300.3	566674.7	309	7	6.95	6.97	0.03	-0.02	0.00
2	438338.8	566694.3	312	9.4	9.14	9.34	0.06	-0.20	0.01
3	438384.7	566669	33	7	6.78	6.96	0.04	-0.18	0.01
4	438408.1	566664.8	71	10.5	10.46	10.46	0.04	0.00	0.01
5	438401.1	566638	120	7	6.99	7.54	-0.54	-0.55	0.00
6	438392.8	566604.2	110	10.2	10.01	10.07	0.13	-0.06	0.02